



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

**Product identifier** QUICK DRY BRAKEWASH BLN5235  
**Other means of identification** None.  
**Recommended use** ALL PROPER AND LEGAL PURPOSES  
**Recommended restrictions** None known.  
**Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information**  
**Manufacturer**  
**Company name** CCL SUPPLY  
**Address** 900 NORTH HIGHWAY "Y"  
 PLATTSBURG, MO 64477  
**Telephone** (877)588-8999  
**E-mail** Not available.  
**Emergency phone number** (800) 535-5053 INFOTRAC

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

**Physical hazards** Flammable liquids Category 2  
**Health hazards** Aspiration hazard Category 1  
**Environmental hazards** Not classified.  
**OSHA defined hazards** Not classified.

### Label elements



**Signal word** Danger  
**Hazard statement** Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
**Precautionary statement**  
**Prevention** Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.  
**Response** If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.  
**Storage** Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.  
**Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.  
**Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)** Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.  
**Supplemental information** 99.95% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 99.95% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT		64742-49-0	95
2-PROPANOL		67-63-0	4.95
Other components below reportable levels			0.05

\*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.



#### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	<p>Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools.</p> <p>Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.</p> <p>Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.</p> <p>Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.</p>
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.



## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

#### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
2-PROPANOL (CAS 67-63-0)	PEL	980 mg/m3
		400 ppm

#### US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
2-PROPANOL (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	400 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm

#### US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
2-PROPANOL (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	1225 mg/m3
		500 ppm
	TWA	980 mg/m3 400 ppm

### Biological limit values

#### ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
2-PROPANOL (CAS 67-63-0)	40 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

### Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

The following are recommendations for Personnel Protective Equipment (PPE). The employer/user of this product must perform a Hazard Assessment of the workplace according to OSHA regulations 29 CFR 1910.132 to determine the appropriate PPE for use while performing any task involving potential exposure to this product.

- Eye/face protection** Face shield is recommended. Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
- Skin protection**
  - Hand protection** Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.
  - Other** Wear suitable protective clothing.
- Respiratory protection** If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.
- Thermal hazards** Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
- General hygiene considerations** When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

**9. Physical and chemical properties**

**Appearance**

- Physical state** Liquid.
- Form** Liquid.
- Color** Colorless

- Odor** SLIGHT
- Odor threshold** Not available.
- pH** Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** Not available.
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** 180.82 °F (82.68 °C) estimated
- Flash point** 16.0 °F (-8.9 °C)
- Evaporation rate** Not available.
- Flammability (solid, gas)** Not applicable.
- Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits**
  - Flammability limit - lower (%)** Not available.
  - Flammability limit - upper (%)** Not available.
  - Explosive limit - lower (%)** Not available.
  - Explosive limit - upper (%)** Not available.
- Vapor pressure** Not available.
- Vapor density** Not available.
- Relative density** Not available.
- Solubility(ies)**
  - Solubility (water)** Not available.
- Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)** Not available.
- Auto-ignition temperature** Not available.
- Decomposition temperature** Not available.
- Viscosity** Not available.
- Other information**
  - Density** 5.83 lbs/gal
  - Explosive properties** Not explosive.
  - Flammability class** Flammable IB estimated
  - Oxidizing properties** Not oxidizing.



Percent volatile 5 % estimated  
Specific gravity 0.7  
VOC 4.95 % estimated

## 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.  
**Chemical stability** Material is stable under normal conditions.  
**Possibility of hazardous reactions** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.  
**Conditions to avoid** Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.  
**Incompatible materials** Strong oxidizing agents.  
**Hazardous decomposition products** No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation** Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.  
**Skin contact** No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.  
**Eye contact** Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.  
**Ingestion** Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics** Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.

### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
**Skin corrosion/irritation** Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.  
**Serious eye damage/eye irritation** Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Respiratory sensitization** Not a respiratory sensitizer.  
**Skin sensitization** This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

**Carcinogenicity** Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

### IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Not listed.

### OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

### US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

**Reproductive toxicity** This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure** Not classified.

**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure** Not classified.

**Aspiration hazard** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Chronic effects** Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components	Species	Test Results
2-PROPANOL (CAS 67-63-0)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50 Bluegill ( <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> )	> 1400 mg/l, 96 hours

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Persistence and degradability** No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)**  
 2-PROPANOL 0.05

**Mobility in soil** No data available.

**Other adverse effects** No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

**13. Disposal considerations**

- Disposal instructions** Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
- Local disposal regulations** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
- Hazardous waste code** The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
- Waste from residues / unused products** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
- Contaminated packaging** Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

**14. Transport information**

**DOT**

- UN number** UN1268
  - UN proper shipping name** PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.
  - Transport hazard class(es)**
  - Class** 3
  - Subsidiary risk** -
  - Packing group** II
  - Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
  - ERG number** 128
- DOT information on packaging may be different from that listed.

**DOT**



**15. Regulatory information**

- US federal regulations** This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
- TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)**  
Not regulated.
- CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**  
Not listed.
- SARA 304 Emergency release notification**  
Not regulated.



**OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)**

Not regulated.

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)**

**Hazard categories**  
 Immediate Hazard - Yes  
 Delayed Hazard - No  
 Fire Hazard - Yes  
 Pressure Hazard - No  
 Reactivity Hazard - No

**SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance**

Not listed.

**SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical** Yes

**SARA 313 (TRI reporting)**  
 Not regulated.

**Other federal regulations**

**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List**

Not regulated.

**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)**

Not regulated.

**Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)** Not regulated.

**FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace**

2-PROPANOL (CAS 67-63-0) Low priority

**US state regulations**

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

**US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))**

2-PROPANOL (CAS 67-63-0)  
 NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT (CAS 64742-49-0)

**International Inventories**

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Toxic Chemical Substances (TCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

**16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision**

**Issue date** 01-03-2018  
**Version #** 01  
**HMIS® ratings**  
 Health: 3  
 Flammability: 3  
 Physical hazard: 0

**NFPA ratings**

Health: 2  
Flammability: 3  
Instability: 0

**Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.