SAFETY DATA SHEET

QUEL ACID FOAM

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: QUEL ACID FOAM	
Product code	: 12395330, 12395470, 12395100	
SDS #	: DUB00439	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses o	<u>f the substance or mixture and uses advise</u>	d against
Identified uses	: Acid Cleaner	
Supplier/Manufacturer	: DuBois Chemicals, Inc. 3630 E. Kemper Road Cincinnati, Ohio 45241 Phone: 1-800-438-2647	DuBois Chemicals Canada, Inc. 1155 North Service Road West Unit 6 Oakville, Ontario, L6M 3E3 Canada Phone: 1-866-861-3603
Emergency telephone number	: 1-866-923-4919 (US and Canada) 01-651-523-0314 (Int'l and Mexico)	

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).		
Classification of the substance or mixture	: CORROSIVE TO METALS Category 1 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1		
GHS label elements			
Hazard pictograms			
Signal word	: Danger		
Hazard statements	: May be corrosive to metals. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.		
Precautionary statements			
Prevention	: Wear eye/face protection. Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Keep only in original container. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not breathe dust or mist.		
Response	Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.		
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.		
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.		
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.		
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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Phosphoric acid	20 - 30	7664-38-2
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	1 - 5	34590-94-8
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs.	1 - 5	68584-22-5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
	/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns.
Ingestion	: May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.
Over-exposure signs/sym	iptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
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Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate r	nedical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
See toxicological information	ation (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods for cleaning up	
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). The spilled material may be neutralized with sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate or sodium hydroxide. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from alkalis. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
Storage	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Store locked up. Separate from alkalis. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	CAS #	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours.	LMPE-PPT: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. LMPE-CT: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	34590-94-8	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 606 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 909 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 600 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	LMPE-PPT: 100 ppm 8 hours. LMPE-PPT: 60 mg/m ³ 8 hours. LMPE-CT: 900 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. LMPE-CT: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Engineering measures	local exh	aust ventilation or other en	mes, gas, vapor or mist, us igineering controls to keep ecommended or statutory li	worker exposure to
lygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.			
Personal protection				
Respiratory	airfed res based or	spirator complying with an a	s necessary, use a properly approved standard. Respir osure levels, the hazards o ator.	ator selection must be
Hands		all times when handling che	ves complying with an appr emical products if a risk ass	
Eyes	assessm		approved standard should b sary to avoid exposure to lie plash goggles	
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Skin	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)	

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	Red.
Odor	surfactant [Slight]
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: 1.4
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: Not applicable. [Product does not sustain combustion.]
Burning time	: Not applicable.
Burning rate	: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	: 1.13
Solubility	: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.
Elemental Phosphorus	: 7.11 %
VOC content	: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: Extremely reactive or incompatible with the following materials: metals and alkalis.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Storage	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Store locked up. Separate from alkalis. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 11. Toxicological information

	<u> </u>	
Information on toxicologica	l effects	
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation.	
Potential acute health effect	<u>(S</u>	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.	
Inhalation	: May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system.	
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns.	
Ingestion	: May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.	
Symptoms related to the ph	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	
Inhalation	: No specific data.	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains	
Delayed and immediate effe	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure	
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Potential chronic health ef	<u>fects</u>	
Not available.		

Section 11. Toxicological information

General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Numerical measures of toxicity		

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	4751.6 mg/kg
Dermal	101030.5 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	555.7 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Ea	atav	icity
EU	υιυχ	

: Not available.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
RCRA classification	: D002 [corrosive]

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

Section 14. Transport information

IATA/IMDG/DOT/TDG: Please refer to the Bill of Lading/receiving documents for up to date shipping information.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 12(b) one-time export: (2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol
	TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: No products were found.
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Phosphoric acid
	CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Phosphoric acid: 5000 lbs. (2270 kg);
EPA Registration Number	: Not available.
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed
<u>SARA 302/304</u>	
Composition/information	on ingredients
No products were found.	

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 304 RQ	1	Not applicable.
<u>SARA 311/312</u>		
Classification	:	Immediate (acute) health hazard
State regulations		
Massachusetts	:	The following components are listed: PHOSPHORIC ACID; DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER
New York	:	The following components are listed: Phosphoric acid
New Jersey	:	The following components are listed: PHOSPHORIC ACID; DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER; (2-METHOXYMETHYLETHOXY) PROPANOL
Pennsylvania	:	The following components are listed: PHOSPHORIC ACID; PROPANOL, (2-METHOXYMETHYLETHOXY)-
<u>California Prop. 65</u>		
Not available.		
<u>Canada</u>		
<u>Canadian lists</u>		
Canadian NPRI	:	The following components are listed: Phosphorus (total)
Canada inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Canadian PCP/DIN Number	:	Not available.
International regulations		
International lists	:	Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory: Not determined. Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted. Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted. Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted. Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

History	
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Notice to reader

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To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.